

走向城市：上海護工的主體性與女性特質

To the City: Subjectivity and Femininity of Nursing Workers in Shanghai

Speaker:

Zhang Xiao Lan

(MPhil Student, Gender Studies/Anthropology, CUHK)

張小蘭 香港中文大學碩士研究生(性別研究/人類學)

(in Putonghua supplemented with English)

護工這一職業雖然長期存在於中國大陸，但是直至一九七八年經濟改革之後才逐漸成為醫院中不可缺少的部分。在筆者參與田野調查的醫院中，護工按規定每天只能睡在躺椅上，全天候準備為病人提供服務，每小時的工資卻大約只有一元人民幣。這些護工大多數是來自農村地區的已婚中年女性。在三個月的調查基礎上，筆者將解釋這些護工如何適應各種各樣的轉變：由農村到城市，由家庭到工作……同時，亦將解釋她們如何應對工作環境中的權力結構，如何與醫院系統、中介公司互動。筆者將呈現這些女性自己的聲音，並由此揭示出自由勞力、市場經濟對中國女性的多重影響。

The nursing worker has long existed in mainland China, but has become an essential job in hospitals since the Economic Reforms of 1978. In one Shanghai hospital, they sleep on folding chairs, on call 24 hours per day, and are paid about 1 RMB per hour. Most of the nursing workers are married middle-aged women who have migrated from rural areas. Based on three-months of fieldwork, the presentation will explain how these nursing workers get used to the changes from village to city, and from family to paid work, and how they work under the power hierarchy of the hospital system and the labor company. The presentation will also present these women's own voices about themselves in order to show the multiple influences on Chinese women in today's free-labor market society.

日期：2007年3月14日(星期三)

時間：中午十二時半至二時正

地點：香港中文大學崇基學院

陳國本樓 122 室

(由信和樓正門進入)

查詢請致電 2696 1026

或電郵 genderstudies@cuhk.edu.hk

歡迎有興趣人士參加 可自備午餐